

PROTOCOL SUMMARY

The basic virucidal efficacy test is set up with three concentrations of test product solution and a 5-minute contact time. Virus is exposed to disinfectant in 24-well plates, then neutralised, serially diluted and virus titred in 96-well tissue culture plates to determine the tissue culture infectious dose₅₀ (TCID₅₀) of surviving virus. *Vaccinia virus* VR-1549 Elstree strain / Vero cells are assayed in parallel in each test. TCID₅₀ is determined by the method of Karber¹.

Cytotoxicity control

The test product solution is measured for its effects on the host cells used to propagate the virus, to determine the sensitivity of the assay.

Interference control

The effect of the cells after treatment of the test product solution are verified to ensure the cells can show susceptibility for virus infection. This is compared against cells that have not been treated with test product.

Disinfectant suppression control VS1

Virus is added to the highest concentration of test product solution and then the mixture immediately removed and neutralised. The neutralised virus titre is then determined to assess the efficiency of the neutralisation procedure.

Disinfectant suppression control VS2

Internal control which adds virus to neutralised test product solution to assess the efficiency of the neutralisation procedure.

No column Control

Internal control on the highest contact time to assess any impact of the Microspin™ S 400 HR columns.

Virus recovery control

Virus titre is determined for virus in contact with sterile distilled water at t=0, t = 5 and at t =15. The virus titre after 5 minutes is then compared to the recovery of disinfectant-treated virus to measure the log reduction in virus titre. The virus titre at 15 minutes is compared to the reference virus inactivation control.

Reference virus inactivation control

Virus is exposed to 0.7% W/V formaldehyde and the recovery of virus determined by TCID₅₀ after 5 and 15 minutes, in order to assess that the test virus has retained reproducible biocide resistance. In addition, the formaldehyde cytotoxicity of neutralised formaldehyde is determined, to measure assay sensitivity.

1Karber, G.: Beitrag zur Kollektiven Behandlung Pharmakologischer Reihenversuche. Arch. Exp. Path. Pharmak. 162 (1931): 480-487.

Vaccinia virus (VR-1549) Elstree strain Test Results

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of Virabact, Batch D9009/4, BT-CNL-03-03 from Cleenol Group Limited against Vaccinia ATCC VR-1549 under Clean conditions						
Test Results						
Concentration	2.5%		5.0%		7.5%	
Exposure Time	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	data	TCID ₅₀ /ml
t = 5 min	1.00	3.16E+02	0.00	3.16E+01	1.00	3.16E+02
Raw Data	600000	3.16E+02	000000	3.16E+01	600000	3.16E+02
log		2.50		1.50		2.50
log difference		3.50		4.50		3.50

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of Virabact, Batch D9009/4, BT-CNL-03-03 from Cleenol Group Limited against Vaccinia ATCC VR-1549 under Clean conditions									
Summary Table									
Product:	Interfering substance	Concentration	Level of cytotoxicity	lg TCID ₅₀					>4 lg reduction after 'X' Min
				0 min	5 min	15 min	30 min	60 min	
Virabact	0.3g/l BSA	7.5%	2.50	3.50	2.50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	>5 min
		5.0%	2.50	n.a.	1.50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	<5 min
		2.5%	2.50	n.a.	2.50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	>5 min
Virus Control	CLEAN			6.00	6.00	6.17	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
							5 min	15 min	
Formaldehyde	PBS	0.7% (w/v)	2.50				4.67	2.50	>60 mins

Vaccinia virus (VR-1549) Elstree strain Control Data

EN14476:2013 + A2:2019 Suspension test for the efficacy of Virabact, Batch D9009/4, BT-CNL-03-03 from Cleenol Group Limited against Vaccinia ATCC VR-1549 under Clean conditions												
Controls												
Virus Recovery 0 min		Virus Recovery 5 min		Virus Recovery 15 min		Cytotoxicity		Disinfectant Suppression VS		Disinfectant Suppression VS2		
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	
4.50	1.00E+06	4.50	1.00E+06	4.67	1.48E+06	1.00	3.16E+02	2.00	3.16E+03	4.50	1.00E+06	
666630	1.00E+06	666630	1.00E+06	666640	1.48E+06	600000	3.16E+02	660000	3.16E+03	666630	1.00E+06	
	6.00		6.00		6.17		2.50		3.50		6.00	
									2.50		0.00	
Formaldehyde reference inactivation controls								No column Control				
Cytotoxicity		Exposure time	0.7% Formaldehyde				5 mins					
raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml		5 min		15 min		raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml				
1.00	3.16E+02		raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	raw data	TCID ₅₀ /ml	5.00	3.16E+06				
600000	3.16E+02		3.17	4.68E+04	1.00	3.16E+02	666660	3.16E+06				
	2.50	log	666100	4.68E+04	600000	3.16E+02		6.50				
		log difference		4.67		2.50						
				1.50		3.67						
Interference control		Virus dilution						Stock Virus (TCID ₅₀)				
		-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8					
PBS Control		1	1	1	0.83	0.33	0	6.50				
		3.16E+02	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	2.14E+02	6.76E+01	3.16E+01	1.00E+08				
		2.50	2.50	2.50	2.33	1.83	1.50	666663000				
Raw Data		6	6	6	5	2	0					
Product		1	1	1	1	0.33	0					
		3.16E+02	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	3.16E+02	6.76E+01	3.16E+01					
		2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	1.83	1.50					
Raw Data		6	6	6	6	2	0					
Log Difference		0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.17	0.00	0.00					
Product Cyt Dilution		-2	-2	-2	-2	-2	-2					
PBS Dilution		Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat	Neat					

CONCLUSION

Verification of the methodology

A test is only valid if the following criteria are fulfilled:

- a) The titre of the test suspension of at least 10^8 TCID₅₀ /ml is sufficiently high to at least enable a titre reduction of 4 lg to verify the method.
- b) Detectable titre reduction is at least 4 log₁₀.
- c) Difference of the logarithmic titre of the virus control minus the logarithmic titre of the test virus in the reference inactivation test is between:
 - Between 0.5 and 2.5 after 30 min and between 2.0 and 4.5 after 60 min for poliovirus
 - Between 3.0 and 5.0 after 30 min and between 3.5 and 5.5 after 60 min for adenovirus
 - Between 1.0 and 3.0 after 30 min and between 2.0 and 4.0 after 60 min for murine norovirus
 - Between 0.0 and 2.0 after 30 min and between 0.5 and 2.5 after 60 min for parvovirus
 - Between 0.75 and 3.5 after 5 min and between 2.0 and 4.0 after 15 min for Vaccinia virus
- d) Cytotoxicity of the product solution does not affect cell morphology and growth or susceptibility for the test virus in the dilutions of the test mixtures which are necessary to demonstrate a 4 log₁₀ reduction of the virus.
- e) The interference control result does not show a difference of < 1.0 log₁₀ of virus titre for test product treated cells in comparison to the non-treated cells.
- e) Neutralisation validation. This is called the disinfectant suppression test in this protocol. The disinfectant was neutralised by column chromatography through an Illustra Microspin S-400 HR column to achieve the best possible neutralisation available for this test. The difference for virus is greater than 0.5 log₁₀ indicating rapid irreversible virucidal activity of the disinfectant by dilution at a concentration of 7.5% v/v for VS1. This neutralisation validation has been verified by VS2, which shows the product has been successfully neutralised.

According to EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019, **Virabact POSSESSES VIRUCIDAL** activity at a concentration of **5.0% v/v** as tested after **5 MINUTES** at **20°C** under **CLEAN** conditions (0.3 g/l bovine albumin) against *Vaccinia virus* VR-1549 Elstree strain /Vero cells.

The cytotoxicity of the product has prevented at 4.0 log reduction being observed at 7.5% v/v.

This product therefore is effective against all enveloped viruses as defined in EN 14476:2013 + A2:2019. This therefore includes all coronaviruses and SARS-CoV-2.

Signed



Dr Chris Woodall, Director
BluTest Laboratories Ltd
Glasgow, UK.
Date: 27 February 2020

DISCLAIMER

The results in this test report only pertain to the sample supplied.

BluTest (BT) has performed the testing detailed in this report using reasonable skill and care and has used reasonable endeavours to carry out the testing in accordance with an EN 14476 protocol. All forecasts, recommendations and results contained in this report are submitted in good faith. However, other than as expressly set out in this report, no warranty is given (i) in relation to the testing or the use(s) to which any results or deliverables produced in the course of the testing are or may be put by the Client or their fitness or suitability for any particular purpose or under any special conditions notwithstanding that any such purpose or conditions may have been made known to BT or (ii) that the intended results or deliverables from the testing can be achieved or (iii) that the Client can freely make use of the results or the deliverables without infringing any third party intellectual property rights and the Client will be deemed to have satisfied itself in this regard. BT shall have no liability (which is hereby excluded to the fullest extent permissible by law) in respect of any loss, liability or damage, including without limitation any indirect and/or consequential loss such as loss of profit or loss of business, market or goodwill, that the Client may suffer directly or indirectly as a result of or in connection with: (i) the performance of the testing; (ii) the use of any materials, samples or other information provided by the Client for use in the testing; and (iii) the Client's reliance upon or use of any results or deliverables provided as part of the testing.

Amendment 1: Amendment BT-CNL-03-03 A1 EN14476 Vaccinia Report 27 Feb 20 LM CW. Batch number added. LM 04 March 2020

Amendment 2: Amendment BT-CNL-03-03 A2 EN14476 Vaccinia Report 27 Feb 20 LM CW: Amendment of product name only from 'Bactericidal Multipurpose Cleaner' to 'Virabact'. LM 10 March 2020

Amendment 3: Amendment BT-CNL-03-03 A3 EN14476 Vaccinia Report 27 Feb 20 LM CW: Amendment of product name only from 'Bactericidal Multipurpose Cleaner' to 'Virabact' in summary table. LM 18 March 2020